



西南交通大学
Southwest Jiaotong University

边坡落石灾害及其防治

报告人：赵世春
西南交通大学









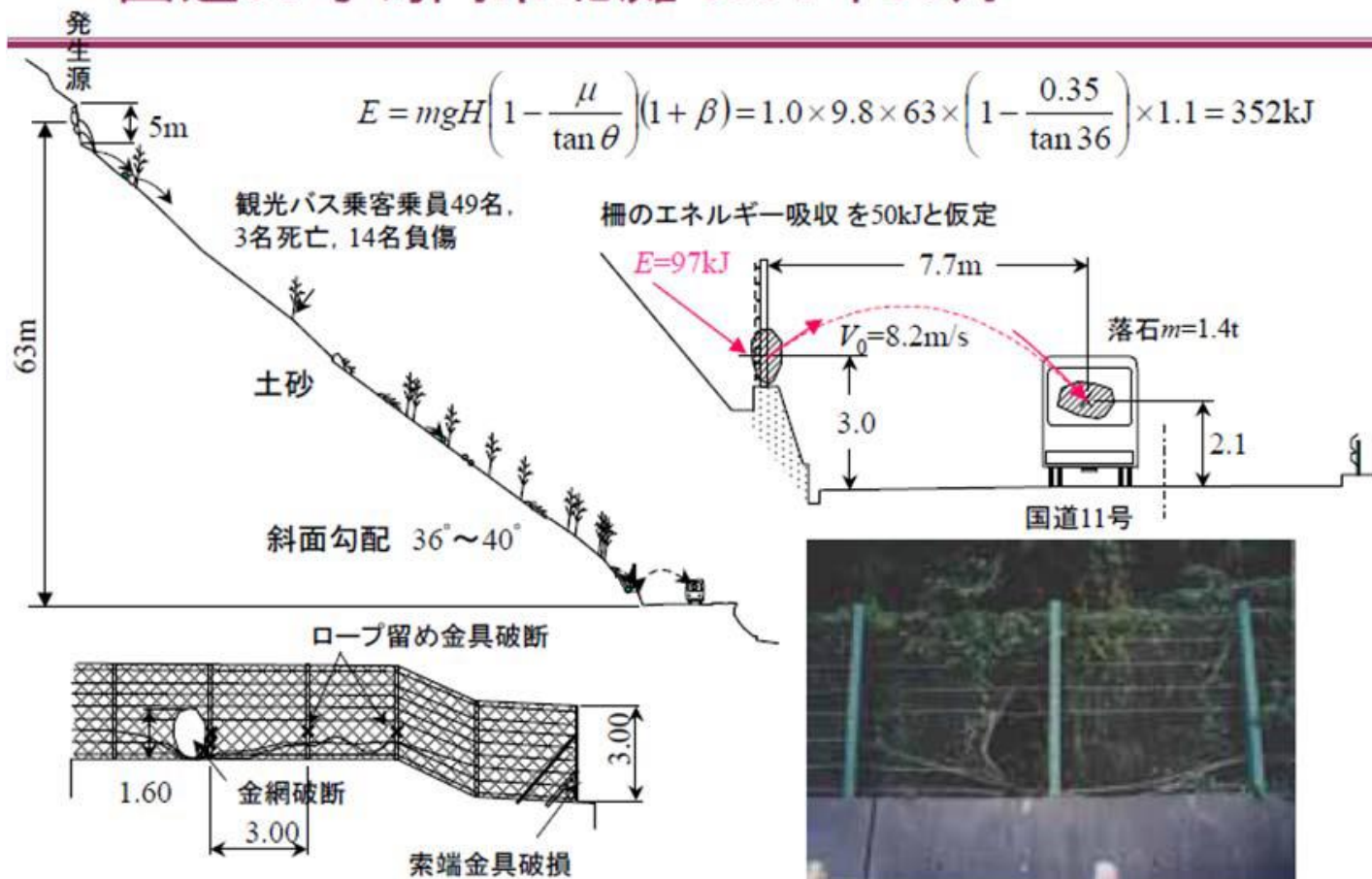
Collapse and falling stone are frequent geological hazards.



四国の落石発生源の多くは崖部(1)

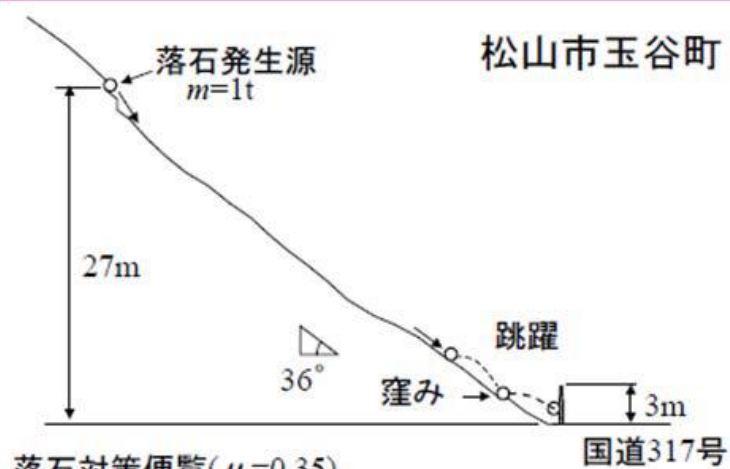


国道11号鳴門市北灘 1990年10月





国道317号芸予地震による落石2001年



落石対策便覧($\mu=0.35$)

$$E = mgH \left(1 - \frac{\mu}{\tan \theta} \right) (1 + \beta)$$
$$= 1.0 \times 9.8 \times 27 \times \left(1 - \frac{0.35}{\tan 36} \right) \times 1.1 = 151 \text{kJ}$$

防護柵の可能吸収エネルギー $50 \text{kJ} < 151 \text{kJ}$

- 落石の速度, エネルギーを過大評価?
- 等価摩擦係数0.35は適切?





Faling Rock Protection

rockfall shelters or reinforced concrete retaining walls

rockfall shelter

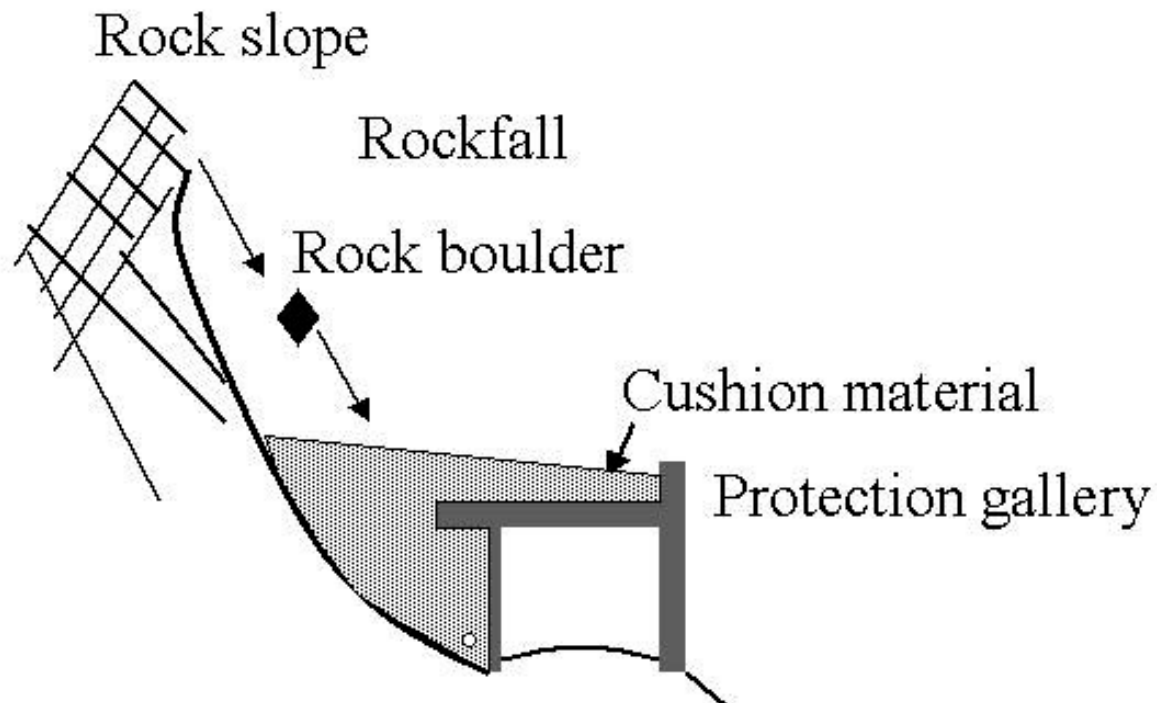


retaining wall





Rockfall shelters are usually concrete structures covered on the roof by an absorbing material such as soil backfill used as a shock absorbing cushion.





Impact Test of Falling Rocks on The Rockfall Shelters

ロックキーパー
実物実証実験(ダイジェスト)

日本サミコン株式会社





Taroko Gorge of Taiwan





Safety and Preparation





Rockfall Shelters of Taroko Gorge





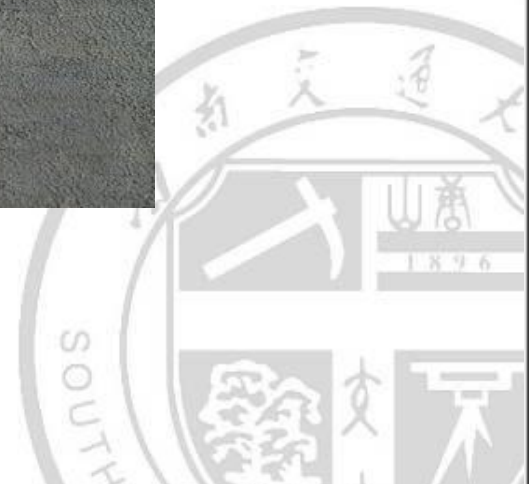
An Effective Way to Intercept Falling Rocks—Net Barrier

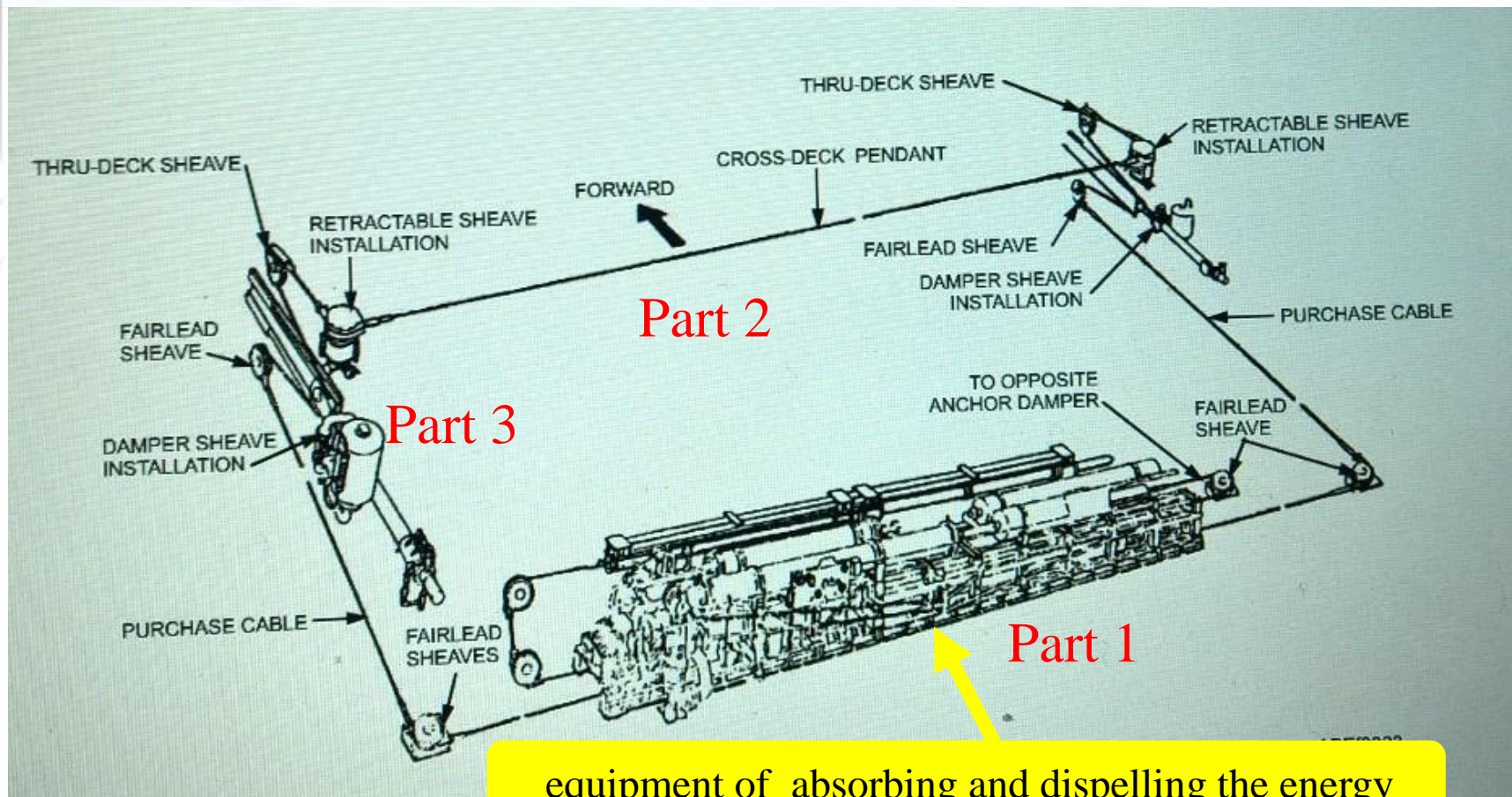






Aircraft Carrier

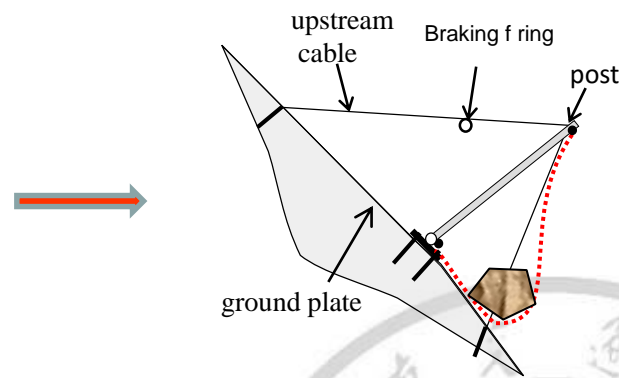
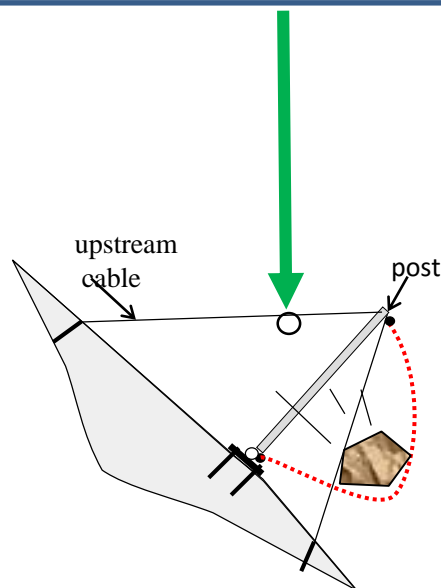
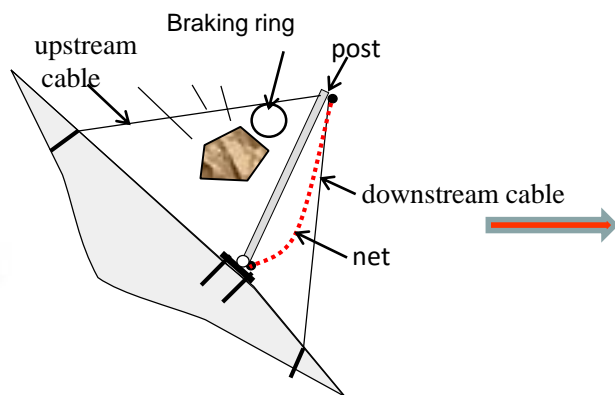




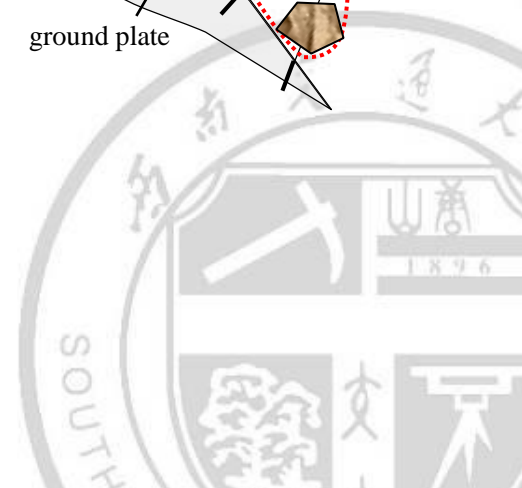


The Deformation Process of Net Barrier

Braking ring: device of absorbing and dispelling the energy



net



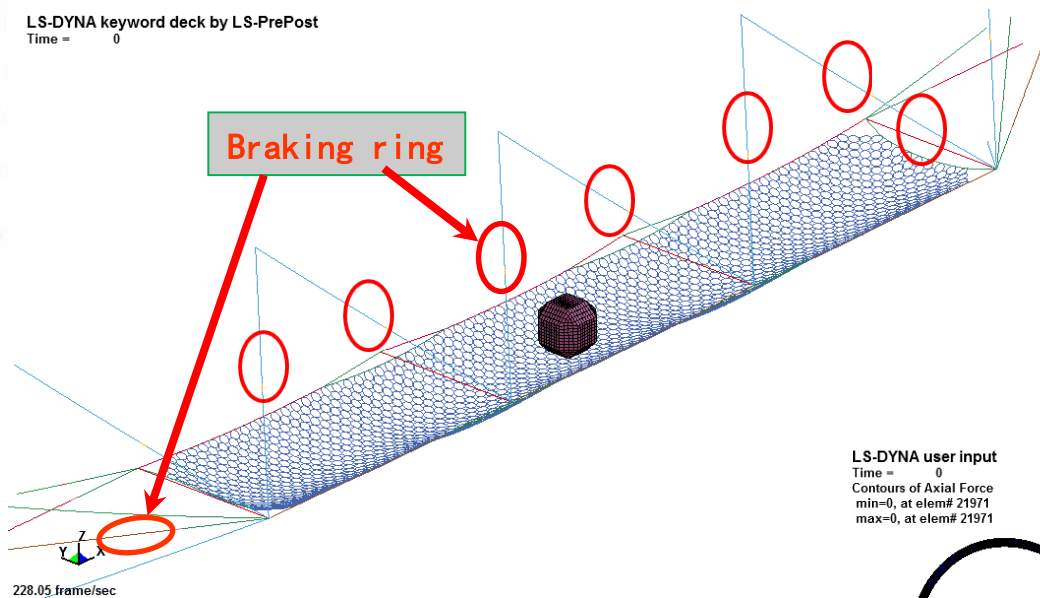


Braking ring

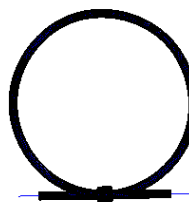




LS-DYNA keyword deck by LS-PrePost
Time = 0



LS-DYNA user input
Time = 0
Contours of Axial Force
min=0, at elem# 21971
max=0, at elem# 21971



Fringe Levels
0.000e+00
0.000e+00
0.000e+00
0.000e+00
0.000e+00
0.000e+00
0.000e+00
0.000e+00
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0.000e+00

Numerical simulation

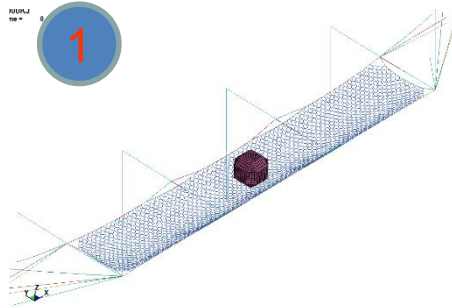
2015/11/4



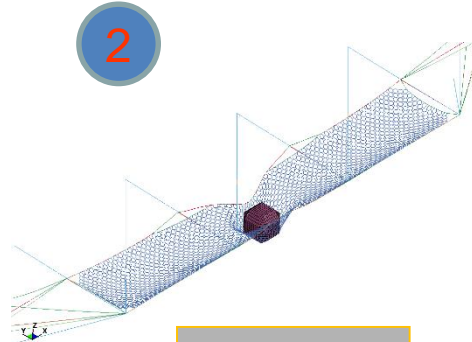
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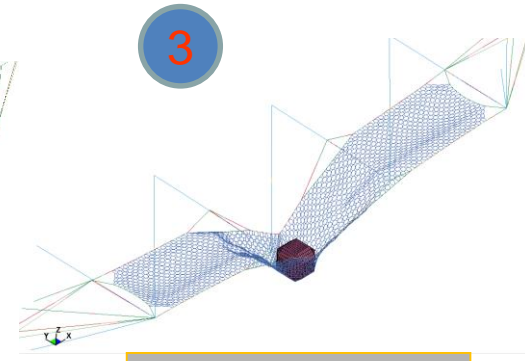
The Deformation Process of Net Barrier



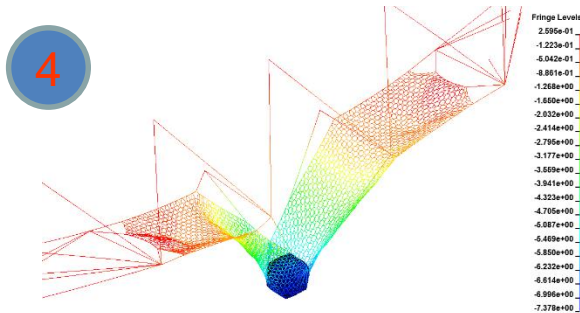
Initial contact



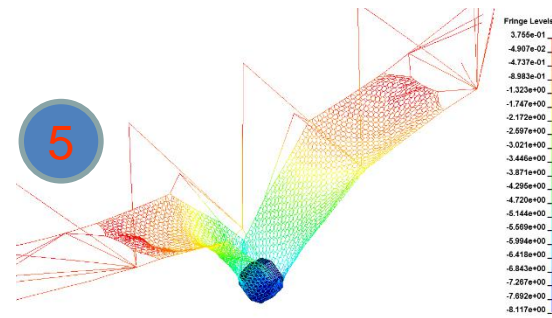
Net tightens



rings begin to work



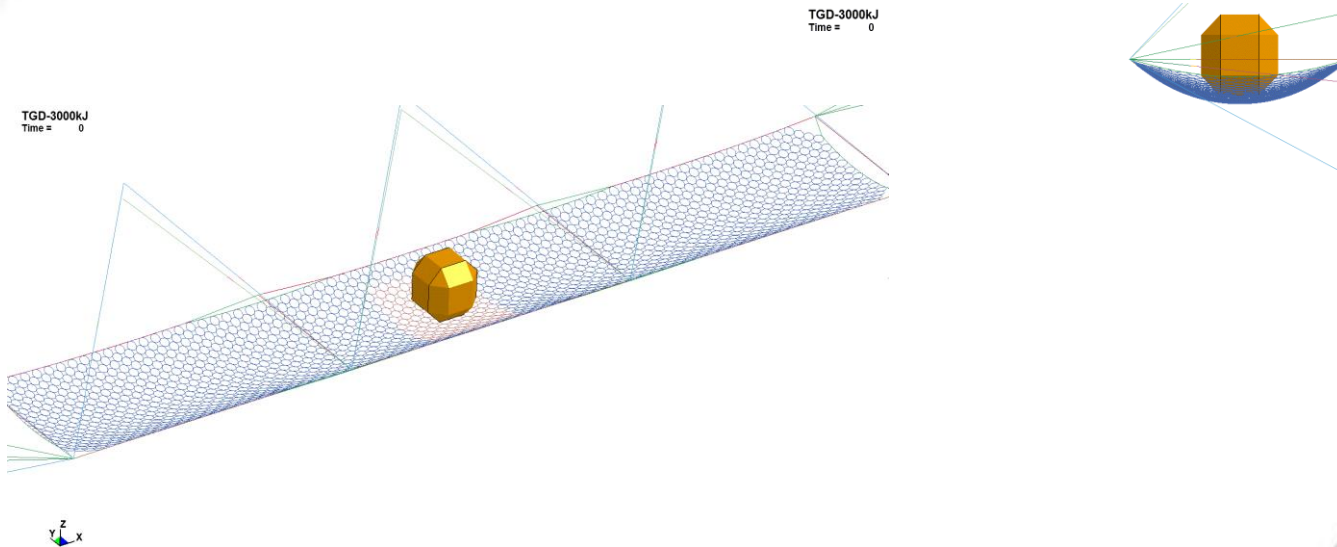
Large deformation



maximum deformation

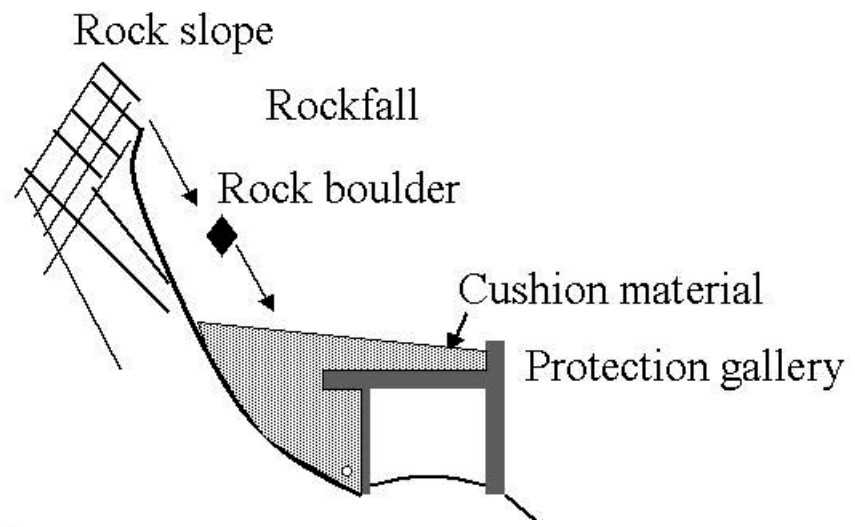
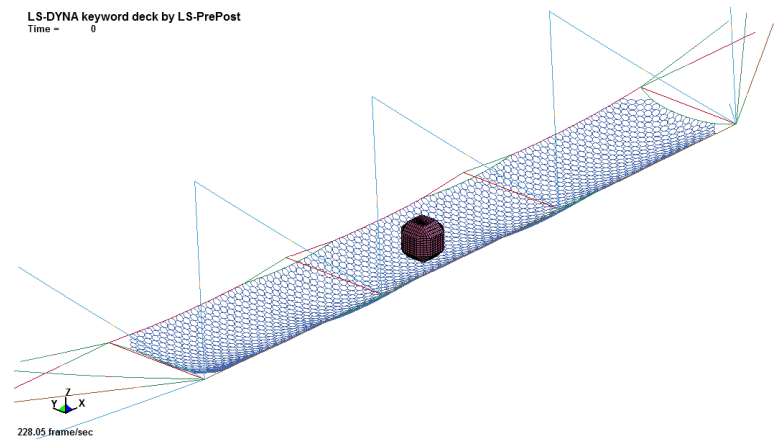


The working mechanism of net barrier --reducing the impact of fall rock on the net by constant deforming , absorbing and dispelling impact energy with braking rings.



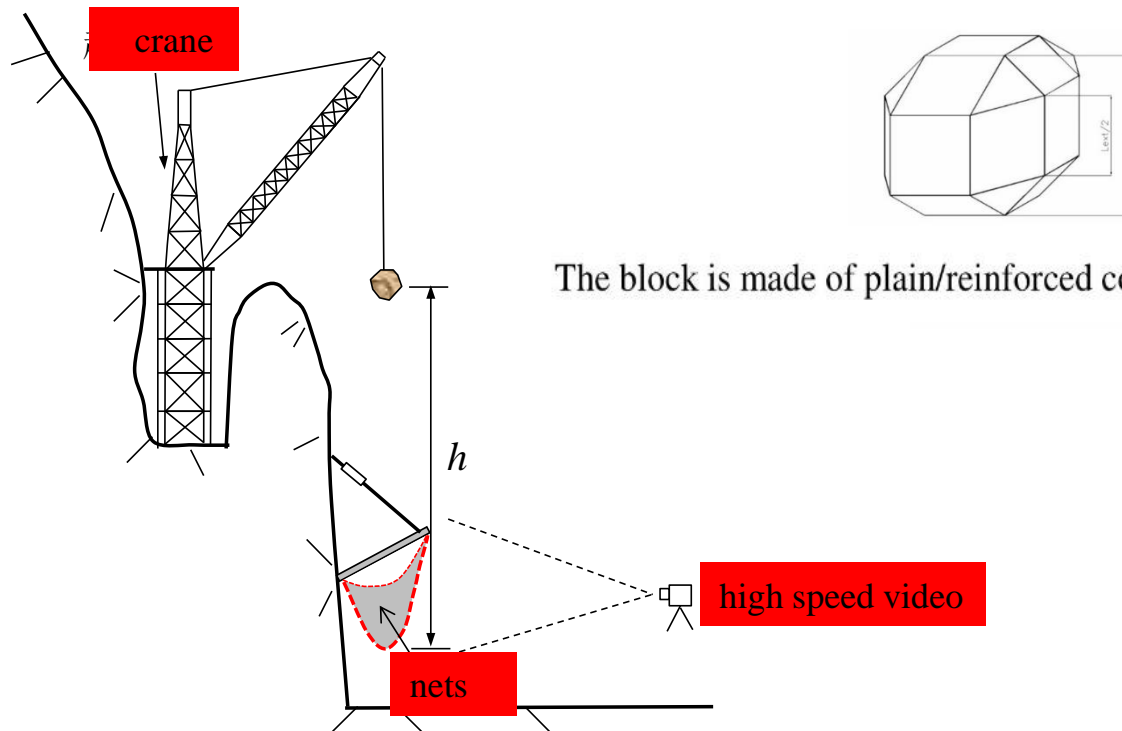


LS-DYNA keyword deck by LS-PrePost
Time = 0





Field Rockfall Test Site



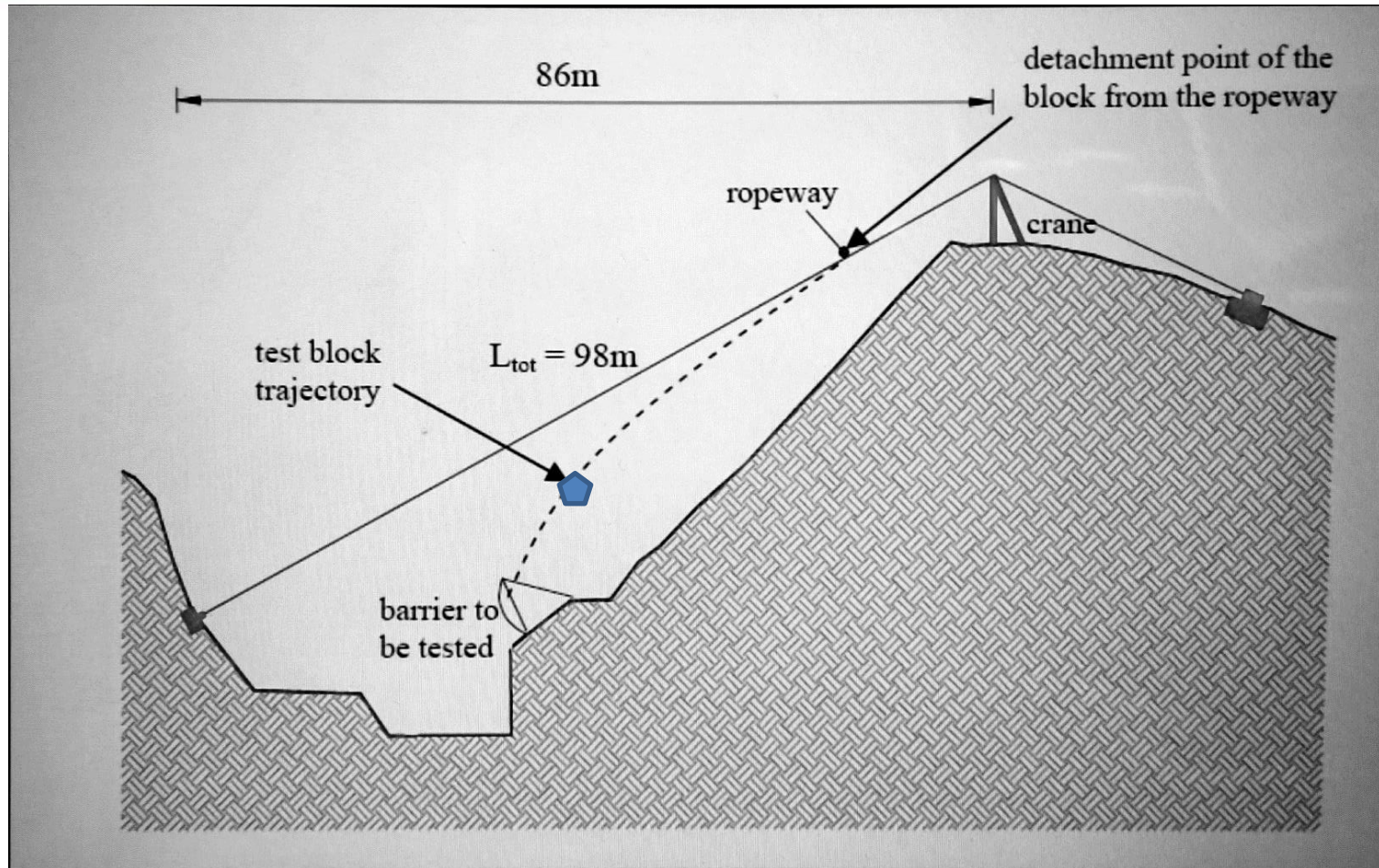
The block is made of plain/reinforced concrete and its shape is a polyhedra

Vertical test site



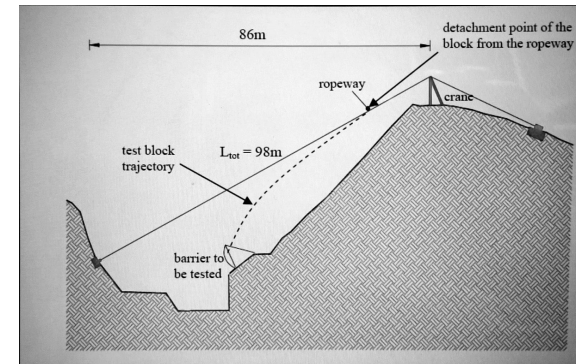
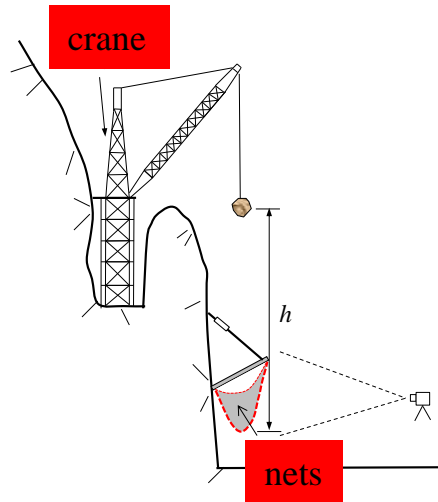


Field Rockfall Test Site



Inclined test site



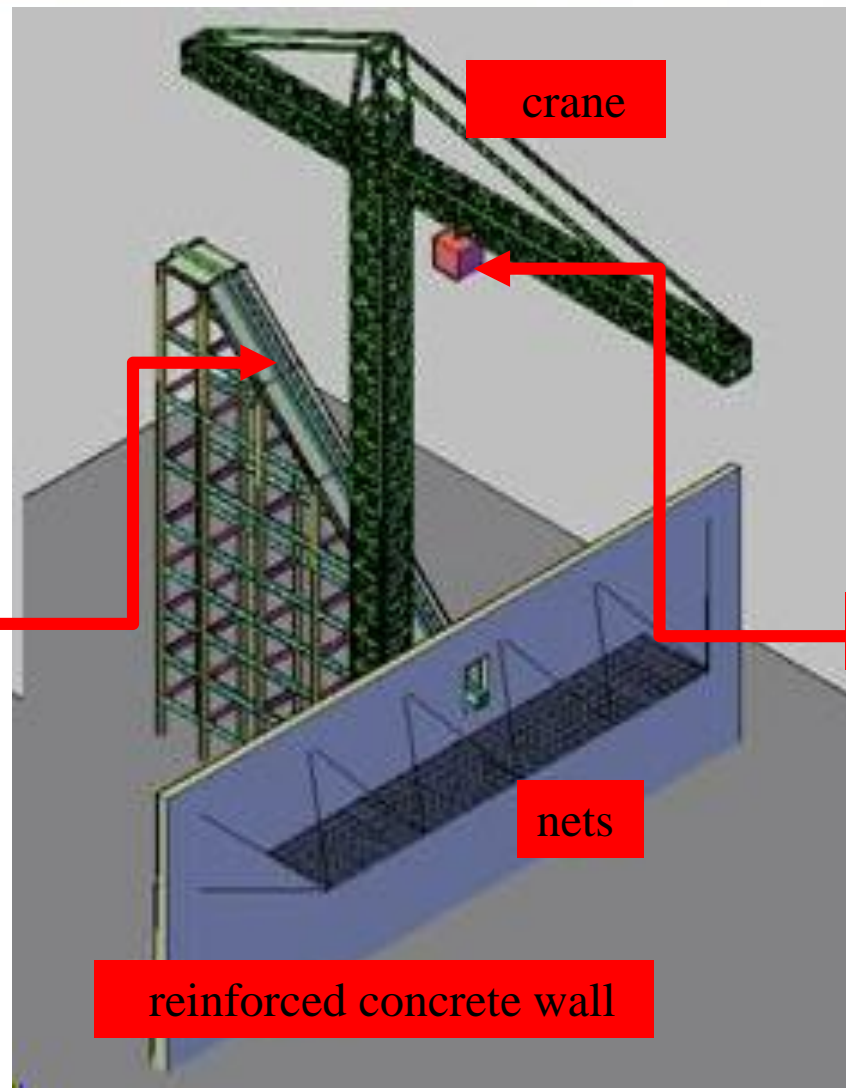


The advantages of field rockfall test :

1. site conditions (such as slopes and cliffs)
2. lower construction cost.

The disadvantages of field rockfall test :

1. the test site often locates in exurban or mountainous areas and is not easy to arrive.
2. the equipment maintenance and management would be difficult.
3. the ground condition limits the design and construction of test facilities and it's difficult to achieve the ideal condition.



crane

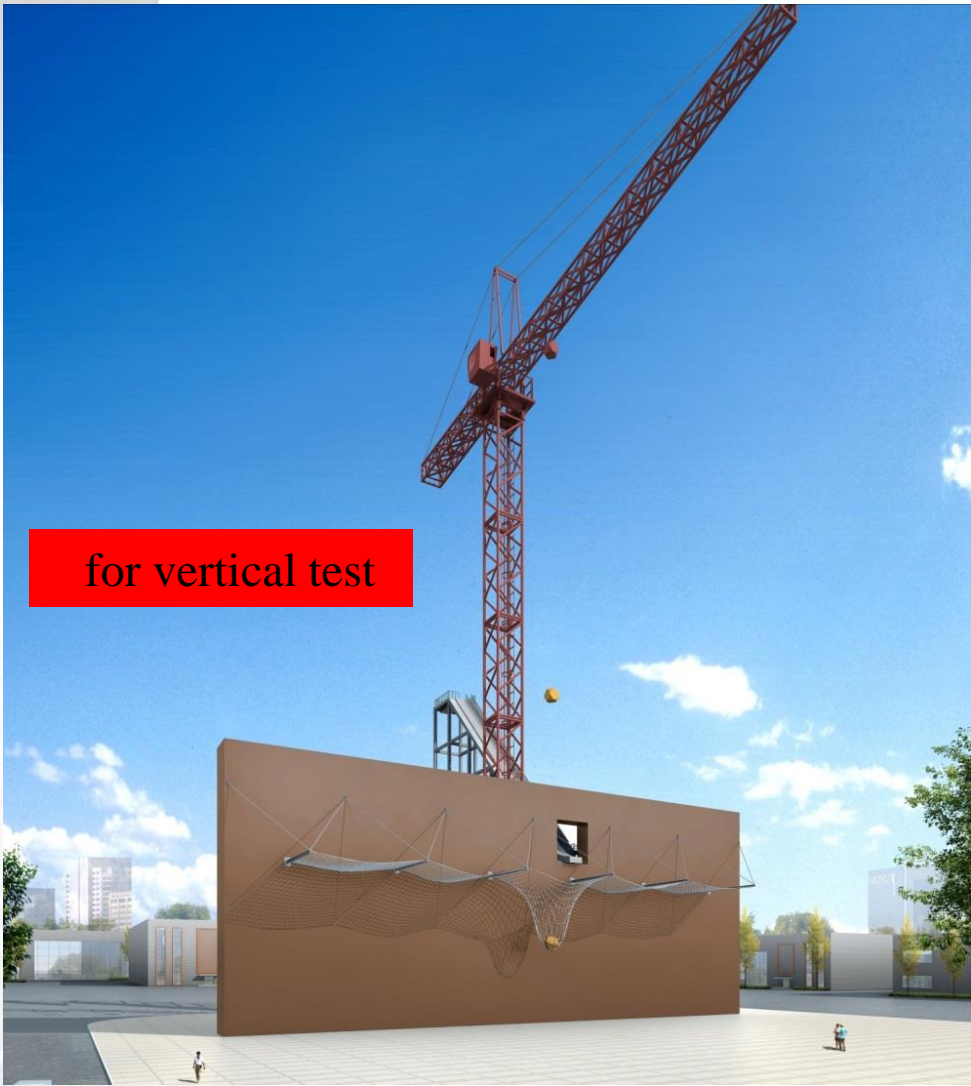
for inclined test

for vertical test

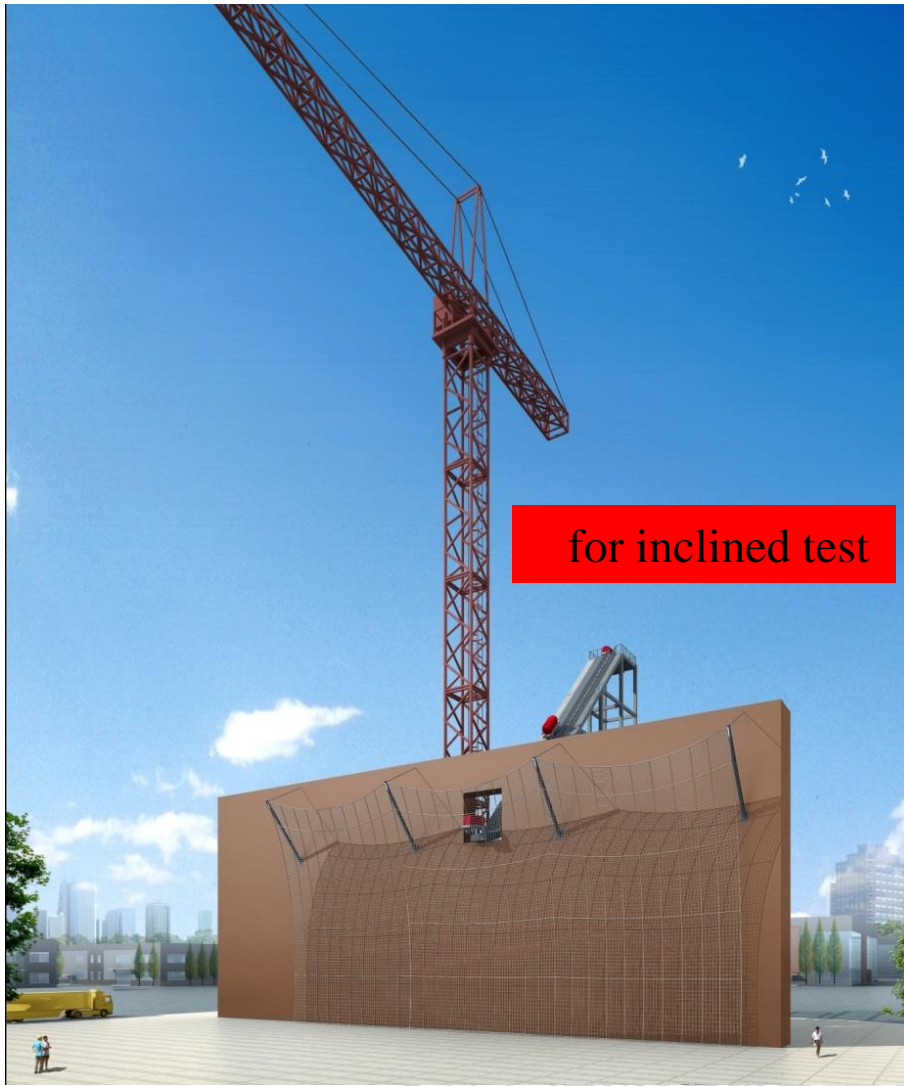
nets

reinforced concrete wall

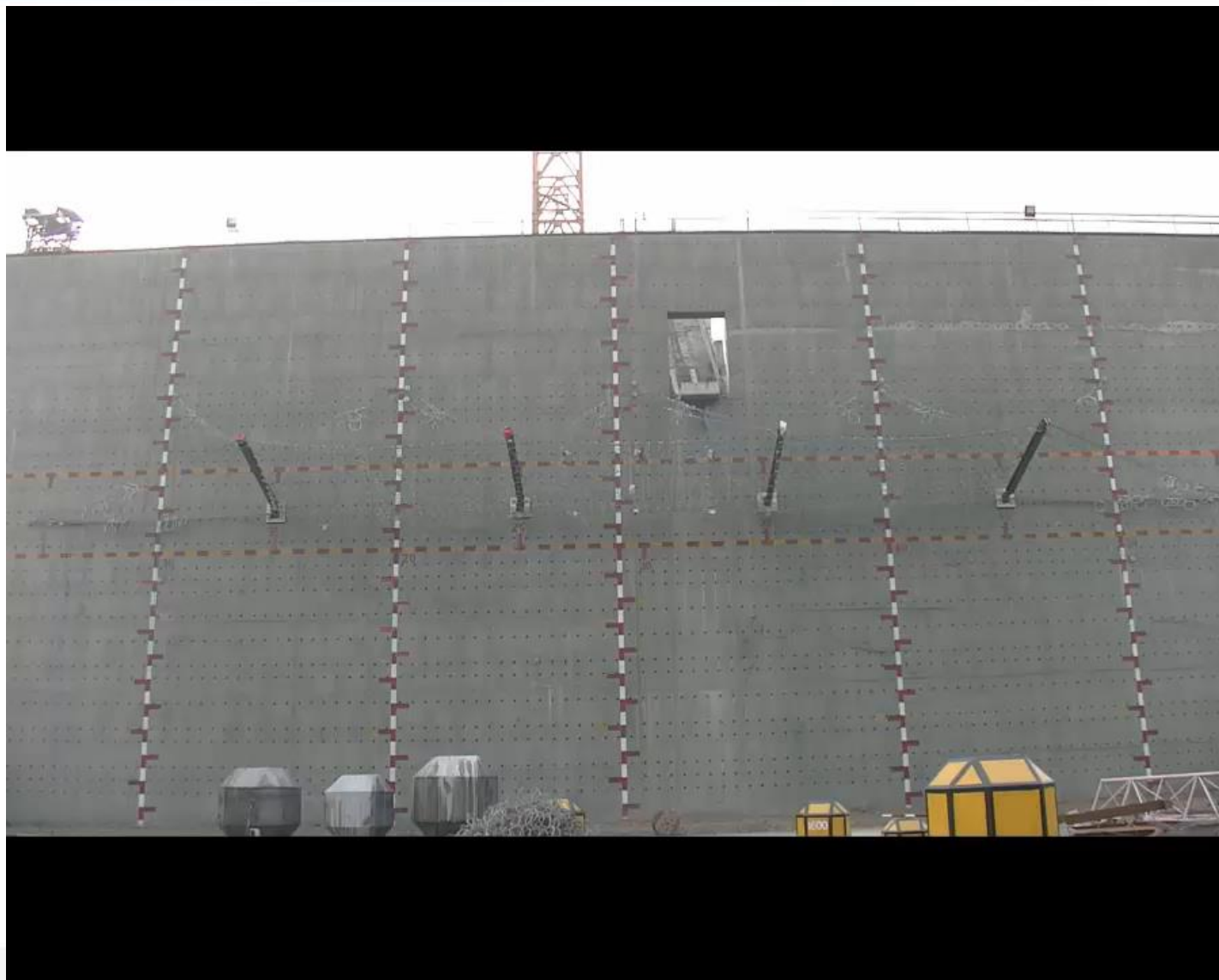




for vertical test



for inclined test





Debris Flow Barriers





Debris flow event Aobandani, Japan 1998





Debris flow event Seewalchen, Austria 2000





Snow Slide Event Hayato, Japan 2001



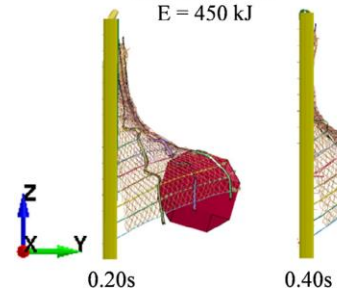


Wire-Rope Rockfall Protective Fence

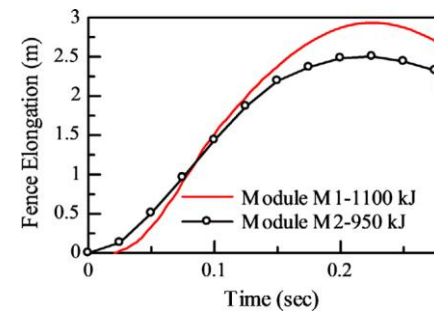
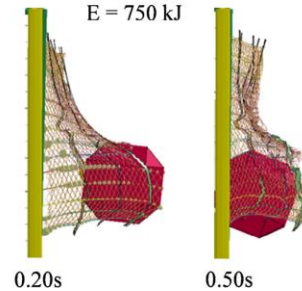


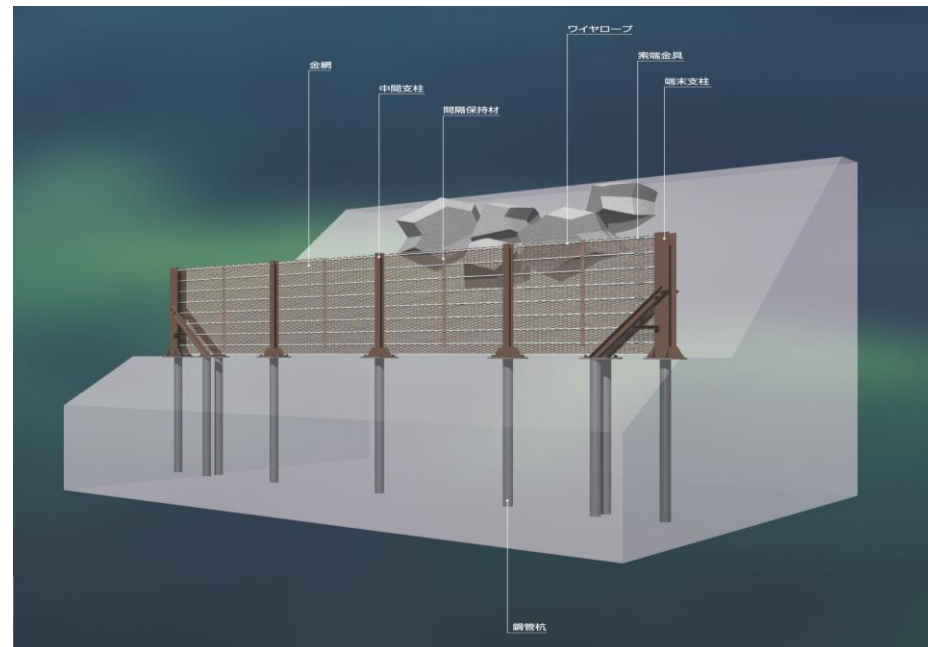
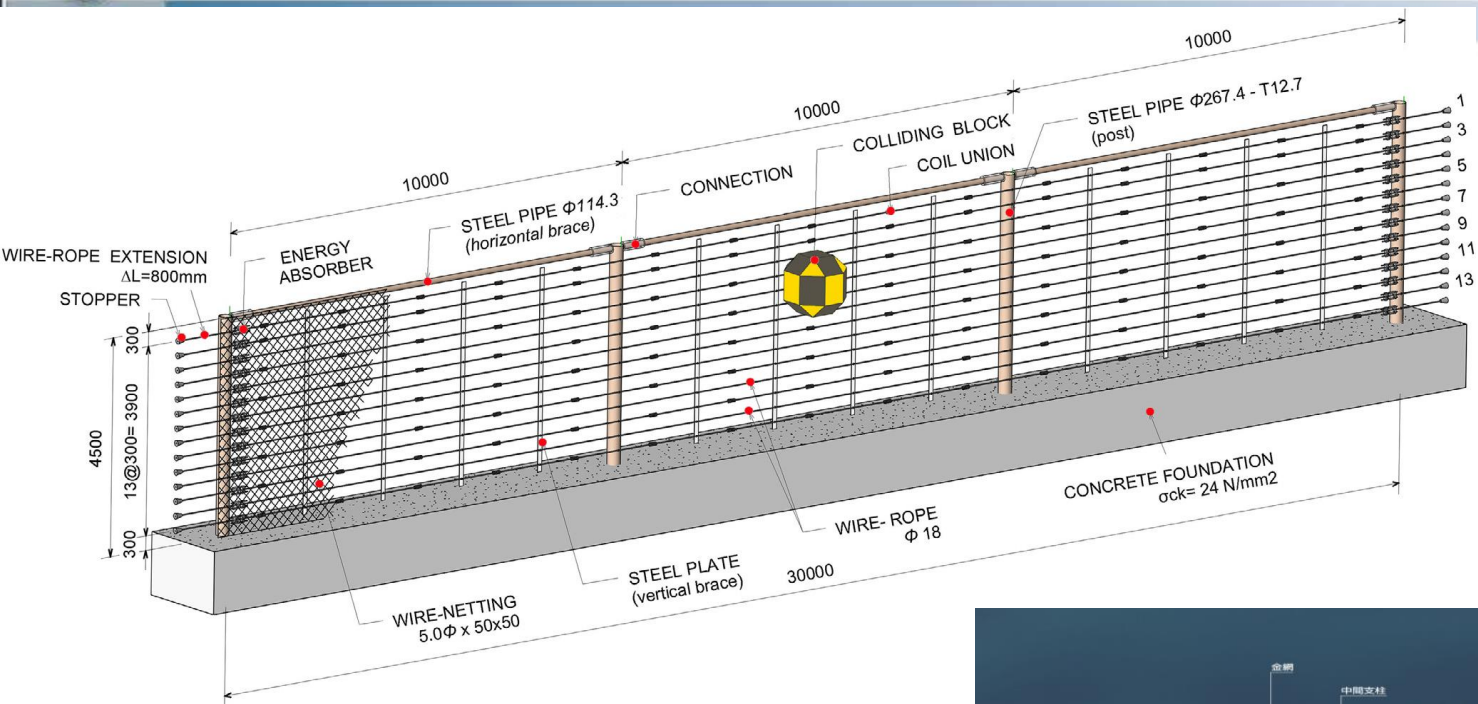


(a) AFF = 45 kN
E = 450 kJ



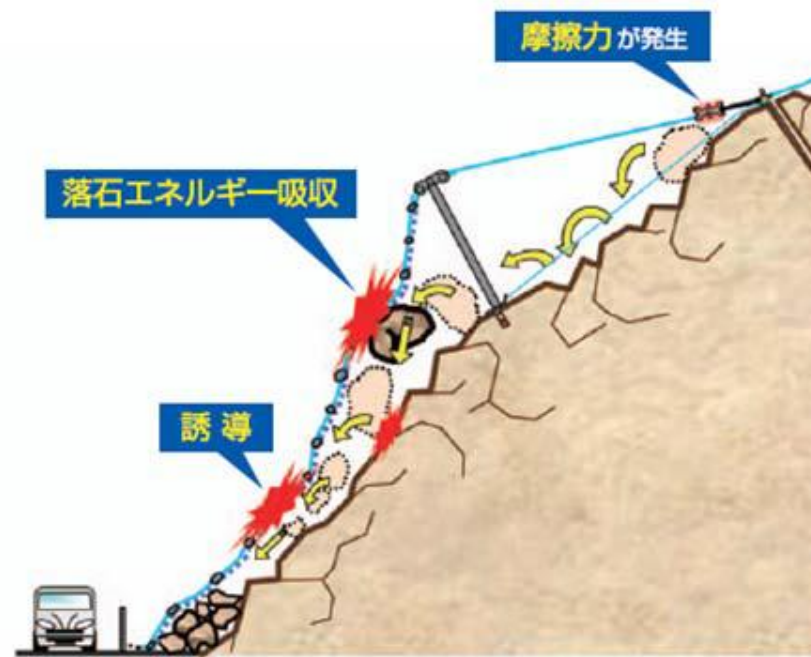
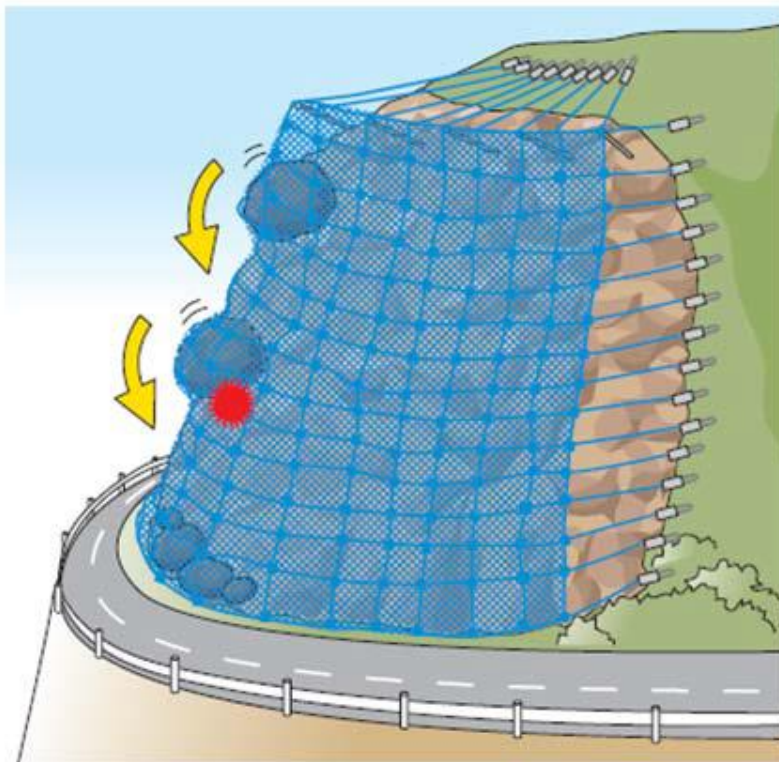
(b) AFF = 60 kN
E = 750 kJ





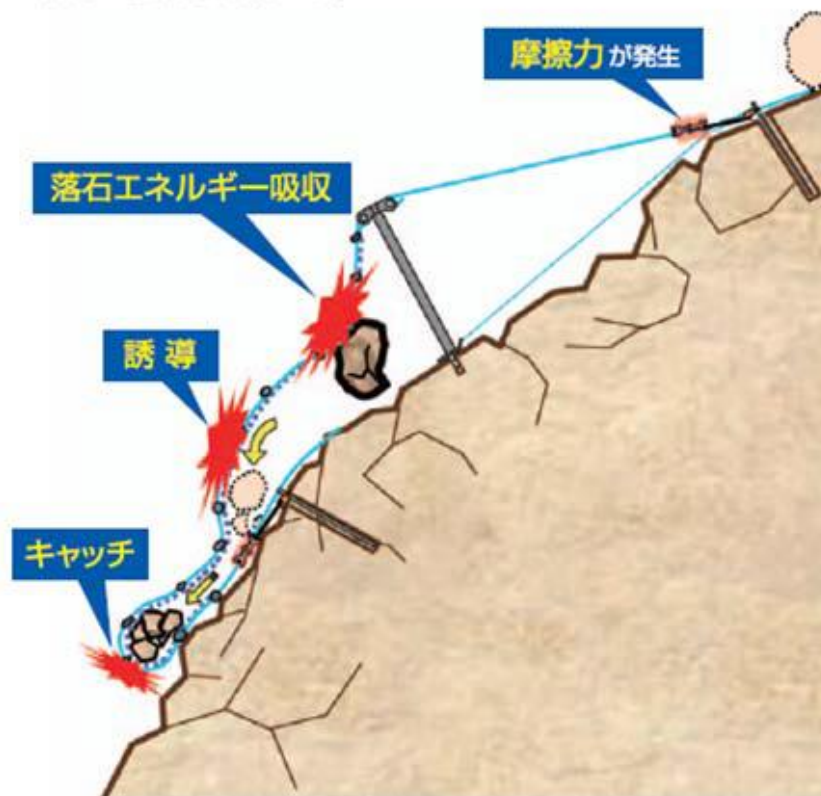
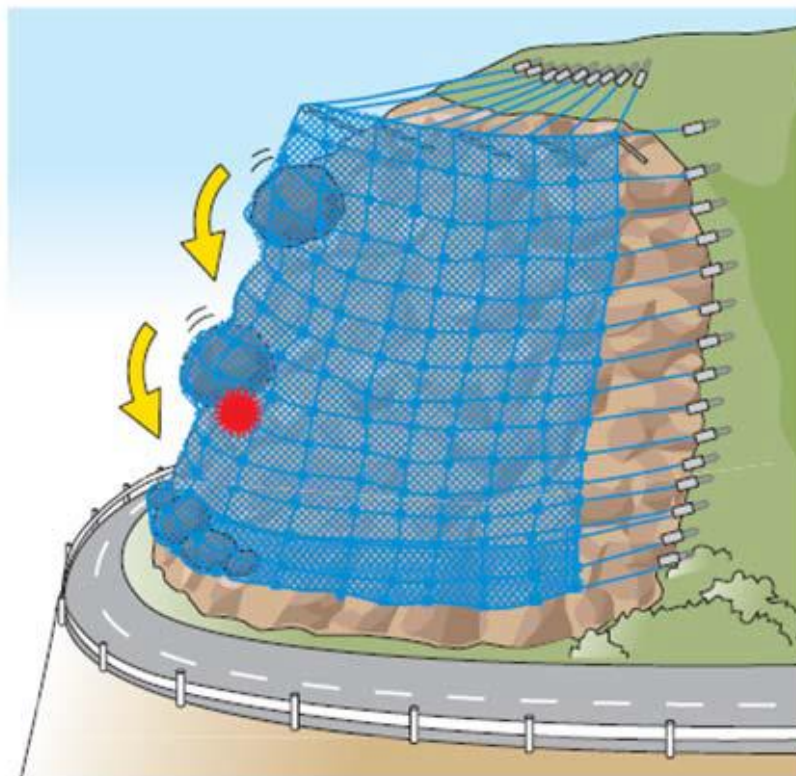
ポケット式RCネット工法 【岩塊が落下した場合】

- 岩塊が斜面から剥離し落下すると想定します。
- 落下しRCネットに衝突した岩塊は、端緩衝金具とワイヤロープとの摩擦により落石エネルギーを吸収されます。
- 更にRCネットと地山に挟まれながら下端部まで導かれます。



ポケットキャッチ式RCネット工法 【岩塊が落下した場合】

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- 更にRCネットと地山に挟まれながら下端部まで導かれます。崩壊した岩塊の撤去も可能です。





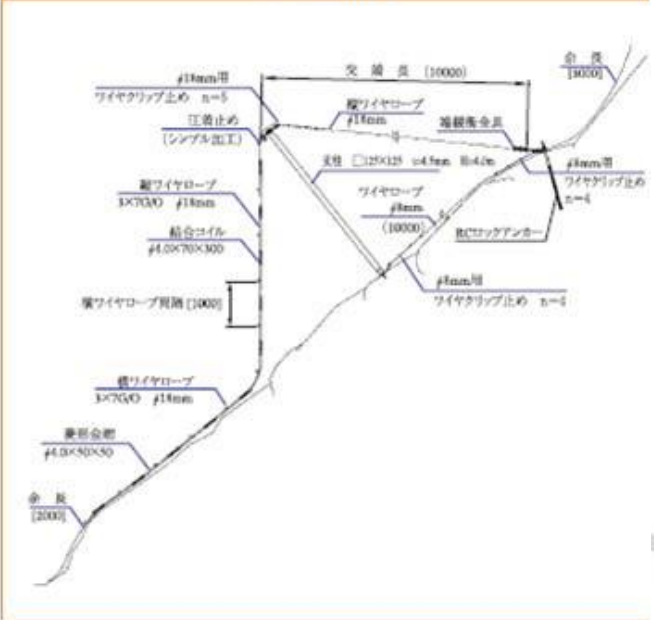
3-1 (公) 道路工事 (防災)

発注者 岡山県備中県民局
高梁支局



ポケット式RCネット工法

横断図例



| | |
|---------|------------|
| 型 | 式 / ポケット式 |
| 岩 塊 重 量 | / 64.3kN |
| 落石エネルギー | / 2,530kJ |
| 面 | 積 / 1,811㎡ |

ポケットキャッチ式RCネット工法



THANKS

